



Development and validation of a simple HPTLC method for the analysis of (-)-epicatechin simultaneously in *Averrhoa carambola* L. and *Acacia nilotica subsp indica* L. bark extracts

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Accepted on 6th June 2014

ABSTRACT

A sensitive and accurate high-performance thin-layer chromatographic method has been developed, validated and used for quantification of (-)-epicatechin in ethyl acetate fractionate of dried bark powder of *Averrhoa carambola* L. (AC) and *Acacia nilotica subsp indica* L. (AN). Chromatographic separation was carried out using silica gel plates with cyclohexane-ethyl acetate-formic acid, 4.0:6.0:1.0 (v/v/v) as a mobile phase. Detection and quantification were performed by densitometry, with a deuterium lamp, at 280 nm. The response to (-)-epicatechin reference standard was linear in the concentration range of 200-1600 ng per band. The method was validated for precision, repeatability and accuracy. Intra-day and inter-day relative standard deviation was $\leq 2\%$. Instrumental precision and repeatability of the method were found to be 1.02 and 1.59 respectively (% CV). The accuracy was checked by studying recovery at three levels; average recovery was 90.97% and 91.15% for AC and AN respectively. The method proposed for quantitative monitoring of (-)-epicatechin in AC and AN is rapid, simple and accurate and can be used for routine quality testing.

Keywords: *Averrhoa carambola* L., *Acacia nilotica subsp indica* L., (-)-epicatechin, HPTLC, validation.
