



## **Spectrophotometric And Thermodynamic Determination Study of Manganese (II) By Using The Reagent 7-(6-Bromo-2-Benzothiazolylazo)-8-Hydroxyquinoline**

**Kasim Hassan Kadhim, Abbas A- Ali Drea\* and Zainab Hadi Hameed**

\*Chemistry Department, College of Science, University of Babylon, Hilla, **IRAQ**

Email: [aadreab@yahoo.com](mailto:aadreab@yahoo.com)

Accepted on 24<sup>th</sup> January 2015

---

### **ABSTRACT**

A thiazolylazo reagent, 7-(6-bromo-2-benzothiazolylazo)-8-hydroxyquinoline (7-(6-BrBTA8HQ)), was synthesized by di azo coupling of (2-amino-6-bromobenzothiazol derivative) with 8-hydroxy quinolone, and used for the spectrophotometric determination of Mn (II). This method was simple, rapid, sensitive, and selective for reaction between manganese and 7-(6-BrBTA8HQ) to form a pink complex with a molar ratio (1:2). The molar absorptivity of the complex was ( $1.3695 \times 10^3 \text{ L. mol}^{-1} \cdot \text{cm}^{-1}$ ) at  $\lambda_{\text{max}}$  562 nm. Beer's law obeyed in the range of (1-14) ppm of manganese, and the stability constant was equal to ( $3.688 \times 10^{10} \text{ L. mol}^{-1}$ ). The relative standard deviation, recovery, and relative error were equal to (0.626%, 98.34%, 1.66%) respectively. The effect of temperature also studied and the thermodynamic parameters ( $\Delta G$ ,  $\Delta H$  and  $\Delta S$ ) calculated and discussed. The ions ( $\text{Cr}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{V}^{5+}$ ,  $\text{Cu}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{Cd}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{Fe}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{Ni}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{Co}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{Hg}^{2+}$ ) were interferences when the reagent react with manganese, and can be eliminated approximately using suitable masking agent.

**Keywords:** 8-hydroxyquinoline, manganese (II), azo coupling, thermodynamic parameters.

---