



Green Synthesis, Characterization and Biological Evaluation of New Pyrazino Pyrido Quinolone Derivatives under Catalyst free Conditions

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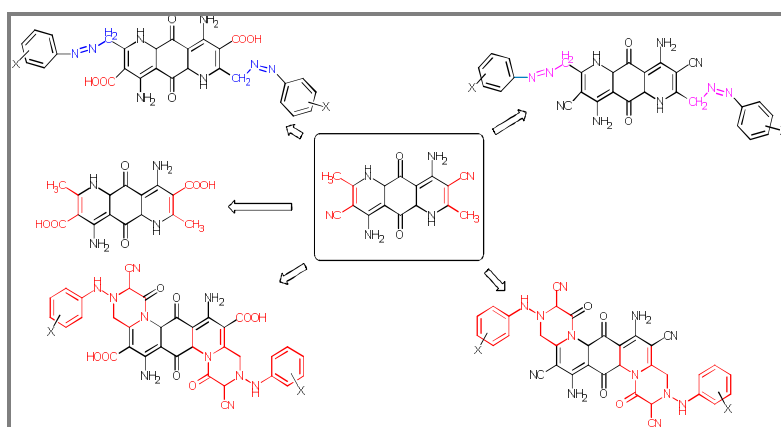
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ABSTRACT

A series of six pyrazino pyrido quinolone derivatives (**3a-c**, **6a-c**) was synthesized by treating azodyes (**2a-c**) (4,9-diamino-5,10-dioxo-2,7-bis((phenyl,4-hydroxy phenyl,4-chlorophenyl)diazenyl)methyl)-1,5,5a,6,10,10a-hexahydropyrido[2,3-g]quinoline-3,8-dicarbonitrile) and (**5a-c**) (4,9-diamino-5,10-dioxo-2,7-bis-(phenyl,4-hydroxyphenyl,4-chlorophenyl)diazenyl)methyl)-1,5,5a,6,10,10a-hexahydropyrido [2,3-g]quinoline-3,8-dicarboxylic acid) with ethylcyanoacetate and ethanol in microwave oven. The structural identification of these products was described on the basis of spectral data (IR, ¹H NMR, ¹³C NMR and MS) and elemental analyses. The results revealed that the proposed simple and green procedure gave the best yields (80-90%) over a very short time (25-38 s). The anti-bacterial activities of the newly synthesized compounds were evaluated *in vitro* against species of bacteria, including gram-positive and gram-negative. Furthermore, their antifungal activities were also tested against *Aspergillus flavus* and *Candida albicans*. The results showed that among the synthesized compounds; compound (**3a**) exhibited the highest antibacterial and antifungal activities.

Graphical Abstract



Keywords: Green Chemistry, Microwave, Quinolones, Catalyst-free conditions, Biological activity.