Available online at www.joac.info

ISSN: 2278-1862



# Journal of Applicable Chemistry

2019, 8 (2): 892-913 (International Peer Reviewed Journal)







Francis Crick (Nobel Laureate ) and Christof Koch

 Large scale neuronal theories of the brain
 The MIT press Cambridge, Massahusetts, 1994;

 Francis Crick and Christof Koch
 Francis Crick and Christof Koch

 Astonishing Hypothesis – The scientific search for soul
 Prentice Hall & amp; IBD 1994-02-21 331pages

 Francis Crick
 Cerebral Cortex Mar 1998;8:97–107;

 Francis Crick and Christof Koch
 Francis Crick and Christof Koch

 Are we aware of neural activity in primary visual cortex?
 Nature 375(1995) 121-123

 Francis Crick and Christof Koch1
 State 375(1995) 121-123

AdvancementApplicationAnnouncement→CNN → Consciousness

Why Neuroscience May Be Able Consciousness	e to Explain	Scientific American December 1995, 84-8
consciousness	Francis Crick and C	Christof Koch1
A framework for consciousness		Nature, Neuroscience, 6(2003), Feb 119-12
	Francis Crick and C	Christof Koch1
	a Romantic	The MIT Pre-
Reductionist		Cambridge, Massachuset
	Christof l	London, England, 2012,91 page Koch
Attention and consciousness two		Tranda in Cognitiva Spianora Val 11 No. 1, 200
Attention and consciousness: two distinct brain processes		Trends in Cognitive Sciences Vol.11 No.1, 200
r	Christof Koch and Na	aotsugu Tsuchiya
T		S
Towards a neurobiological theory of co	Insciousness	Seminars in In Neurosciences, V012, 1990: 263-27
	Francis Crick and	Chri.dof Koch
Consciences and Neuroscience		Complete Contern Mar 1009, 207, 107, 104
Consciousness and Neuroscience		Cerebral Cortex Mar 1998;8:97–107; 104
	Francis Crick and	Christof Koch
		Designs in Assistant Original A. C. 7
		Reviews in Agricultural Science, 4: 66 - 7 Doi: 10.7831/ras.4.6
Papers: Useful Guides In Manuscript		Doi: 10.7831/ras.4.6
Papers: Useful Guides In Manuscript Preparation For Graduate Students	Sachi Sri F	Doi: 10.7831/ras.4.6
Papers: Useful Guides In Manuscript Preparation For Graduate Students The neurobiology of consciousness	Sachi Sri F	Doi: 10.7831/ras.4.6 Kantha Cellular and Molecular Biology TM 50 (6), 671-67
Papers: Useful Guides In Manuscript Preparation For Graduate Students The neurobiology of consciousness	Sachi Sri F L.R. Edelstein1 An	Doi: 10.7831/ras.4.6 Kantha Cellular and Molecular Biology TM 50 (6), 671-67 DOI 10.1170/T55
Papers: Useful Guides In Manuscript Preparation For Graduate Students The neurobiology of consciousness And sir francis crick		Doi: 10.7831/ras.4.6 Kantha Cellular and Molecular Biology TM 50 (6), 671-67 DOI 10.1170/T55 d F.J. Denaro2 Nature  Vol 430   19 August 200
Papers: Useful Guides In Manuscript Preparation For Graduate Students The neurobiology of consciousness And sir francis crick		Doi: 10.7831/ras.4.6 <u>Kantha</u> Cellular and Molecular Biology TM 50 (6), 671-67 DOI 10.1170/T55 d F.J. Denaro2
Corpus Of Francis Crick □s Research Papers: Useful Guides In Manuscript Preparation For Graduate Students The neurobiology of consciousness And sir francis crick Francis Crick (1916–2004)		Doi: 10.7831/ras.4.6 Kantha Cellular and Molecular Biology TM 50 (6), 671-67 DOI 10.1170/T55 d F.J. Denaro2 Nature  Vol 430   19 August 200  www.nature.com/nature-845-84

Phil. Trans. R. Soc. B (2005) 360, 1271–1279 doi:10.1098/rstb.2005.1661

Francis C. Crickand Christof Koch

What Is Consciousness?

1 0 May 2 0 1 8 | Vo L 5 5 7 | N At U R E | S 9-S12

Christof Koch

Bioinorganic Life and Neural Activity: Toward a Chemistry of Consciousness?

Acc. Chem. Res. 2017, 50, 535–538 DOI: 10.1021/acs.accounts.6b00531

Christ	copher J. Chang
The Relationship Between Consciousness and Top-Down Attention	The Neurology Of Consciousness, Chapter 5, Pages 71-86
Naotsugu Tsuch	hiya1 and Christof Koch
Neural correlates of Consciousness in humans	Nature Reviews   Neuroscience Volume 3   April 2002   261- 270
Geraint Rees‡, Gabrie	el Kreiman§ and Christof Koch
Integrated information theory: from consciousness to its physical substrate	Nature reviews   neuroscience, 2016
	Marcello Massimini and Christof Koch
Ubiquitous Minds; consciousness redux	Scientific American Mind January/February 2014, 26-29
ch	ristof Koch
A Consciousness Meter; An electromagnetic gadget to measure the level of consciousness	Scientific American Mind, March/Apri 1 2013,24-25
Ch	nristof Koch
	ind
	thu .
Constructing the Modern Mind	Scientific American, Mind Cognition, May 1, 2016
Ch	nristof Koch
Stephen (	Grossberg
The Link between Brain Learning, Attention, and	October, 1997
Consciousness	Technical Report CAS/CNS-1997-018 Boston University Center for Adaptive Systems
	and Department of Cognitive and Neural Systems
	677 Beacon Street Boston, MA 02215
Gross	sherg Stephen

Brain categorization: Learning, attention, and consciousness

Technical Report CAS/CNS-2005-005 Boston University Center for Adaptive Systems and Department of Cognitive and Neural Systems 677 Beacon Street Boston, MA 02215

Grossberg, Stephen, Gail Carpenter, Bilgin Ersoy

Consciousness

How does binocular rivalry emerge from cortical mechanisms of 3-D Vision Research 48 (2008) 2232–2250 vision?

Stephen Grossberg, Arash Yazdanbakhsh, Yongqiang Cao, Guru Swaminathan

Towards solving the hard problem of consciousness: The varieties of brain resonances and the conscious experiences that they suort Stephen Grossberg

A neural model of normal and abnormal learning and memory Cogn Affect Behav Neurosci (2016) consolidation: adaptively timed conditioning, hiocampus, amnesia, neurotrophins, and consciousness DOI 10.3758/s13415-016-0463-y Daniel J. Franklin1 & Stephen Grossberg

Acetylcholine<br/>consciousness, learning, expectation, attention, and synchrony (CLEARS) 53ConsciousnessFrontiers in Neural Circuits, published: 02Acetylcholine Neuromodulation in Normal and Abnormal Learning<br/>and Memory: Vigilance Control in Waking, Sleep, Autism, Amnesia<br/>and Alzheimer's Diseasedoi: 10.3389/fncir.2017.00082Stephen Grossberg

Desirability, availability, credit assignment, category learning, and attention: Cognitive-emotional and working memory dynamics of orbitofrontal, ventrolateral, and dorsolateral prefrontal cortices

Stephen Grossberg

Adaptive Resonance Theory: How a brain learns to consciously attend, learn, Neural Networks 37 (2013) 1–47 and recognize a changing world

Stephen Grossberg

Linking mind to brain: The mathematics of Notices of the American Mathematical Society · January 2000 biological intelligence uploaded by Stephen Grossberg on 11 September 2014 Stephen Grossberg

Linking attention to learning, expectation, competition April, 2003 Technical Report CAS/CNS-2003-007 and consciousness Boston University Center for Adaptive Systems and Department of Cognitive and Neural Systems 677 Beacon Street Boston, MA 02215 Stephen Grossberg Neural Dynamics of Autistic Repetitive Behaviors and Fragile X Frontiers in Psychology | www.frontiersin.org Syndrome: Basal Ganglia Movement Gating and mGluR-March 2018 | Volume 9 | Article 269 1-27 Modulated Adaptively Timed Learning Stephen Grossberg and Devika Kishnan Consciousness CLEARS the Mind CAS/CNS Technical Report 2007-013 Stephen Grossberg Book Consciousness The Feeling of What Haens: Body and Emotion in New York, NY: Houghton Mifflin Harcourt, 1999 the Making of Consciousness Damasio, A. R.

## **Chemicals** -- Consciousness



The Five Dimensions of Futures Consciousness.

Futures.2018.06.010 https://doi.org/10.1016/j

Sanna Ahvenharjua, Matti Minkkinena, Fanny Lalotb

Toward a postmaterialist psychology: Theory, research, and alications

New Ideas in Psychology 50 (2018) 21–33

Mario Beauregarda,, Natalie L. Trentb, Gary E. Schwartza

## Brain - diseases/malfunction

Are the Neural Correlates of Consciousness in the Front or in the Back of The J. Neuroscience, the Cerebral Cortex? Clinical and Neuroimaging Evidence October 4, 2017 • 37(40):9603-9613 XMelanie Boly, Marcello Massimini XNaotsugu Tsuchiya Bradley R. Postle, Christof Koc and Giulio Tononi A comment on Tononi & Koch (2015) 'Consciousness: here, there and Phil. Trans. R. Soc. B 371: 20140198. doi.org/10.1098/rstb.2014.0198 everywhere?' Adam B. Barrett Implications of a fundamental consciousness Activitas Nervosa Superior 2009;52:2,85-93 Copthorne Macdonald On Science & Phenomenology in Consciousness Studies J. Consciousness Exploration & Research | March 2016 | Volume 7 | Issue 3 | . 269-273 Contzen Pereira Ouantum information self-organization and consciousness-J. Nonlocality holoinformational model of consciousness Vol II, Nr 2, December 2013, 1-15 Francisco Di Biase Thoughts on Qualia for Machines esearch · July 2015 DOI: 10.13140/RG.2.1.3969.1360 Nordin Zakaria Can Computers Become Conscious and Overcome Humans? Frontiers in Robotics and AI www.frontiersin.org October 2018 | Volume 5 | Article 121, 1-20 Camilo Miguel Signorelli

AdvancementApplicationAnnouncement→CNN → Consciousness

The effect of claustrum lesions on human consciousness and Consciousness and Cognition 36 (2015) 256-264 recovery of function Aileen Chau, Andres M. Salazar, 1, Frank Krueger, Irene Cristofori, Jordan Grafman Pain, Perception and Consciousness. A review and explanation in terms J. Orthopaedic Medicine, 29:1, 36-40, of statistical concepts DOI:10.1080/1355297X.2007.11736318 Bj Sweetman Neural Darwinism and consciousness Consciousness and Cognition 14 (2005) 140–168 Anil K. Seth, Bernard J. Baars Towards a Theory of Everything: Unification of Consciousness with uploaded by Ram Lakhan Pandey Fundamental Forces in Theories of Physics Vimal on 21 October 2015x Ram Lakhan Pandey Vimal Brain and Cosmos; The Unified Field of Consciousness https://www.researchgate.net/publication/309548333 Francisco Di biase Nature-inspired Humanoid Cognitive Computing Platform for Self- COGNITIVE 2018 : The Tenth International aware and Conscious Agent (NiHA): A Conscious Agent Conference on Advanced Cognitive Technologies and AlicationsConference Paper · February 2018 Wajahat Mahmood Qazi, Jonathan Andrew Ware, Syed Tanweer Shah Bukhari, Atifa Athar Vertical Growth of Intelligence versus Horizontal Growth of J. Consciousness Exploration & Research August Consciousness 2015 | Volume 6 | Issue 7 | . 399-404 Contzen Pereira Consciousness, subjectivity and free will https://www.researchgate.net/publication/328530131 António Ferreira de Macedo1

Steven Laureys and Giulio Tononi

The Neurology of Consciousness: Neuroscience and Neuropathology

Academic Press is an imprint of Elsevier, Amsterdam, 412 pages+index

Edited by

Cognitive

Supernatural Bridging of the Objective and Subject Consciousness	ctive Experience of J. Metaphysics and Connected Consciousness Vol 2, 2015
Contzen P	ereira
Holo informational consciousness: Implications for transpsychology and autoimmunity Francisco Di Biase# & F	312299012
What Should a Consciousness Mind-Brain Theory be Like? Reducing the Secret of the Rainbow to the Colours of a Prisn Sultan Ta	
Mindfulness in context Patricia J. Po	Counselling and Spirituality 34/2 (2015), 15-28 doi: 10.2143/CS.34.2.3141796x blanski1
Anger as "Seeing Red": Evidence for a Perceptual Association Adam K. Fetterman1, Michael D. F	Cognition and Emotion · January 2012 https://www.researchgate.net/publication/28113103 Robinson1, and Brian P. Meier2
Unity of Consciousness Experience, Nature of the Observer and Current Physical Theory Richard L Amoroso, Eli	https://www.researchgate.net/publication/323402362 <u>1-59p</u> zabeth A. Rauscher

To Keep Up With AI, We'll Need High-Tech Brains

Oct. 27, 2017 ET

Christof Koch

	Claustrum	
The claustrum: programme for research	Considerations regarding its anatomy, functions and a	Brain and Neuroscience Advances 1–9, 2017
	Christopher M. Dillingham1, Maciej M. Jankowski2, Ruchi Cha Bethany E. Frost1 and Shane M. O'Mara1	andra1,

Information	n Source (is)
ACS	6.org

# Object oriented terminology (OOT)

# Consciousness

Consciousness concept evolution	[Cultures of human race; Philosophy; religion; Science]
Different aspects of consciousness	[Pain, visual awareness, self-consciousness]
Science	[Physics; Chemistry, Neuro Biology; ] ; [Intelligence [Artificial, natural, nature ] ]
Science of Consciousness	<ul> <li>Hypothesis :</li> <li>Neuronal processes in head correlate with consciousness with high probability [Crick, Koch, 1998]</li> <li>Brain (neurons firing) and consciousness have a relationship</li> <li>Evidence: Global patients with neurological deficits/diseases offer reasonable scientific verification</li> </ul>
Consciousness generation	<ul> <li>✓ Involves, low amplitude interactions in the thalamocortical core of the brain</li> <li>✓ They are widespread, relatively fast</li> </ul>

<ul> <li>Intriguing questions in Consciousness</li> <li>Why does it exist?</li> <li>What does it do?</li> <li>How could it possibly arise from neural processes in brain?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>&gt; Genetic instructions are         <ul> <li>Localized</li> <li>Coded in a relatively straightforward manner</li> </ul> </li> <li>&gt; Genes influence         <ul> <li>Control complex behavior of a typical mammalian cell</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
--	--

#### Experience-memory-mind- ..... -complex interactions –consciousness

Experience alone does not produce consciousness

Successful forecasting of a hurricane is based on known current laws explaining partially our universe. Yet, prediction can lessen damage through catastrophic management strategies developed from experience, extrapolation etc. But, one cannot avoid hurricane; leave aside creation of it;

#### Same analogy applies also to the causal features of consciousness as

 Some of components of Consciousness, its effects, perturbed consciousness due to diseases, environment, corrupted thoughts, mind are known in small numbers of humans, animals etc.

Consciousness	It is everything of one's experiences. Examples are
Consciousness	<ul> <li>external object or something within oneself (Wikipedia)</li> <li>i visual scene → seen by eyes</li> <li>! The brain needs to form a conscious representation. This is a slower and subjective process</li> <li>! Usable for many different actions or thoughts</li> </ul>
Consciousness	<ul> <li>It is not a thing but a process</li> <li>Mathematical: discrimination in the N dimensional space</li> <li>N: Different neuronal groups that are active in the dynamic core at any given time with varying</li> <li>Ability to</li> <li>Perceive relationship between one's self and environment</li> <li>Ability to process, store and act on information gathered from the external environment</li> <li>Be aware of things</li> <li>Causal for emergence of cognizance beyond knowledge</li> <li>Consciousness emerges from</li> <li>Underlying processes over life time</li> <li>No divine interventions</li> </ul>
Consciousness	<ul> <li>Subjective experience</li> <li>"What it is like"</li> <li>To</li> <li>Perceive a scene</li> <li>Recognize a face</li> <li>Hear a sound</li> <li>Reflect on experience itself (Tononi et al., 2016a). Tononi G, Boly M, Massimini M, Koch C (2016)</li> </ul>
Consciousness	<ul><li>Feeling</li><li>Whether an experience is pleasant or unpleasant</li><li>Help to judge whether other individuals are suffering</li></ul>

	Information (reduction of uncertainty among a number of alternatives) (brain) +
Consciousness	consolidation +Subjective experience + emotions $\rightarrow$ Consciousness
	(Cick1995- SciAmer)

## In and out of (Human) Consciousness

? What is consciousness? ?? What is not consciousness? Attention with consciousness ? Conscious perception versus unconscious perception ?? Attention without consciousness ? Conscious action versus unconscious action What is unconsciousness? **?** Does consciousness exist in all life forms Consciousness Human beings; animals [dolphins; monkeys; [dog; cat; rat;];]; birds[parrots]; ļ Humans flies[honeybees]; plankton [phyto-; zoo-;], virus; uni-cellar lifeforms **?** What is equivalent to consciousness in non-life forms Animals Non-Life ? Brain constructs a scene/face/incident through complicated route in dream. Universal How significantly different if Consciousness component is present?

Categories	[Emotional; self-; visual] Consciousness
Self-consciousness	Self-referential aspect of consciousness —
	Difficult to study self-consciousness in a monkey
Consciousness	[Wakefulness (level of consciousness)
	awareness (content of consciousness)]

Unconscious action	Information is localized to the specific sensory motor system involved typing fast, It is automatic action
Conscious action	Brain has access to that information.

Consciousness	unresponsive subjects ; responsive subjects ; [during anesthesia during complex partial seizures ] [wakeup, sleep [REM, NREM], dream, deep sleep, Coma] engagement of various cognitive processes, [attention, decision-making, and reporting] Consciousness [presence; absence] Presence of consciousness across different Physiological or pathological states
---------------	---

Consciousness			
\$\$			

Enterne	V D ·
Existence	Yes, Exists
Location	Where is it present in human body? {Brain; }
	Claustrum; [cortex, [ prefrontal, Frontal ; medial-temporal ]
DNA	Conscious perception, experience, complex intrinsic integration (mixing)
Genesis	Do some nerve cells vibrate at some magical frequency?
	Do some special "consciousness neurons" have to be activated?
	In which brain regions would these cells be located?
Origin,	How it starts?
sustenance	How maintained?
Get affected?	What are pathological factors affect consciousness
Artificial	Does it exist ?
Consciousness	
Propagation	Does it also be transmitted to progeny like genetic material?
	Is consciousness transferable from one human to another human (like blood,
	organs etc.) ?
Local/global	Is there anything like Universal consciousness? If so can a human tap that/
	and can he merge his with Universal

Termination Does Consciousness die with ? ? Brain death		<ul> <li>Degree of complexity of any nervous system</li> <li>Deals more slowly with broader,</li> </ul>
<ul><li>Death of individual</li><li>Cell death</li></ul>		<ul> <li>less stereotyped aspects of the sensory inputs (or a reflection of these in imagery)</li> <li>Takes time to decide on appropriate thoughts and responses</li> </ul>
consciousness	experience, whi	neories lack the explanation of the subjective le

<ul> <li>experience, while</li> <li>Phenomenology based theories lack the objective experience.</li> <li>A combination of both disciplines can bring a compelling inter-disciplinary correlation explaining the 'How' and 'Why',</li> <li>✓ Deals with both the subjectivity as well as the objectivity of a consciousness experience</li> </ul>
consciousness experience

Perception	Seeing	We experience visual sensations, Such as that of vivid blue
	Hearing ineffable sound	Unhappiness
	Vision/sound Smile of a baby	Sparkle of happiness
	Thought of an intense pain	Agony

#### Consciousness

#### Easy (Soft) problem

- **?** How can a human subject discriminate sensory stimuli and react to them appropriately?
- **?** How does the brain integrate information from many different sources and use this information to control behavior?
- **?** How is it that subjects can verbalize their internal states?
- Easy problems are by no means trivial

#### Hard problem

- How physical processes in brain give ? rise to subjective experience.
- \_ Cannot be solved now with today's science, tools, theories etc.
- ! Not unsolvable; They can be solved with great toil in future

Hard problem Can be decomposed into

- Why do we experience anything at all?
- Why do we experience anything at aWhat leads to a particular conscious experience (such as the blueness of blue)?
- **?** Why are some aspects of subjective experience impossible to convey to other people (in other words, why are they private)?

Categories	of Conscious	ness
Quantum	Consciousness	Supports objective experience of consciousness Reduces to existence creation of a conscious moment through a computational event [(Hameroff and Penrose 2014)]
Subjective	Consciousness	<ul> <li>known as qualia or the "hard" problem of consciousness</li> <li>subjective consciousness is supernatural, mysterious, mystical and totally phenomenal</li> </ul>
Objective	Consciousness	<ul> <li>Can be understood from a mechanistic point of view,</li> <li>Problematic as factors that influence it are many</li> </ul>
Phenomenal	Consciousness	It is an experience of consciousness, feelings, emotions or qualia (Block 2007). It is a hard problem
Access	Consciousness	Purely mechanistic or cognitive; that which is measured
Higher order	consciousness	Liberates imagination and opens thought to the vast domains of metaphor. It can even lead to a temporary escape
Primary	consciousness	Ability to generate a mental scene in which a large amount of diverse information is integrated for the purpose of directing present or immediate behavior The four requirements of primary consciousness Perceptual categorization Development of concepts Value-category memory reentrant processes

## Evolution of understanding of Consciousness

Consciousness research	Considered as	
Last century	Philosophical problem	
1950s	Scientific issue	Tools are inadequate
1970s	Started probing	AI tools, theorical/experimental neurobiology, brain surgery
2000-	Viable theories	Explanations; finding gaps, holes, newer perceptive

Sentience		
18 <sup>th</sup> century philosophers	To distinguish the ability to think from the ability to feel	
Modern Western philosophy	Ability to experience sensations	
Eastern philosophy	Metaphysical quality of all things that require respect and care	
🛱 Now	Capacity to feel, perceive or experience subjectively	

Theories	Consciousness
<ul> <li>Integrated information theory (IIT)</li> <li>Global Neuronal work space (GNN)</li> <li>Neural Darwinism</li> <li>The dynamic core hypothesis (TDCH)</li> <li>Field</li> <li>Future_ultimate_theory</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Science based theories lack the explanation of the subjective experience, while the</li> <li>Phenomenology based theories lack the objective experience.</li> <li><b>Remedy:</b> combination of both disciplines can bring a compelling inter-disciplinary correlation explaining the 'How' and 'Why', which would deal with both the subjectivity as well as the objectivity of a conscious experience</li> </ul>

Neural correlates of consciousness (NCC) ((Crick and Koch, 1990), Koch et al., 2016).
Minimal neural mechanisms jointly sufficient for any one conscious percept.
Full (Union of all content-specific) NCC
Experimentally, the full NCC can be identified by comparing
conditions where
Consciousness as a whole is present versus absent
• Dreaming versus dreamless sleep
3 Various unusual states
<ul> <li>Hypnotic state</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Lucid dreaming</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Sleep walking</li> </ul>
The dynamic core hypothesis (TDCH)

Extension to Edelman's original theory of ND



Riddles awaiting a fi	nal word with scientific accuracy and natural experience
Pessimistic scientists	Consciousness is inaccessible
Wetness of water	<b><u>1</u> Hypothesis:</b> Wetness is a consequence of intermolecular interactions (mostly hydrogen bonding)
	Two or three molecules of H2O are not wet
	Wetness emerges with gazillions H2O molecules together at the right temperature and pressure
Laws of heredity	Emerge from the molecular properties of DNA, RNA and proteins
Mind	Arise out of sufficiently complex brain processes → theater of one's subjective experience.
Consciousness	Accumulation of several conscious perceptions, brain integration, interaction of nets of complicated neural nets of several parts of brain, of a genius to dullard through a common man

Thermostat Embodies some information	Is it conscious? No	
--------------------------------------	---------------------	--

Cognitive functions	Attention, working memory,	Is it conscious? No
	task execution	

#### Future\_ultimate\_theory

#### ✓ To explain/predict conditions for a

**?** Physical system (complex circuit of neurons or silicon transistors, uni-cellular-tohumans-through-every life/non-life form) has experiences, pools-up consciousness

<u>?</u> ....

Knowledge	Components	Features
Deeper level of knowledge	[Energy; atoms; genes]	<ul><li>Increasing differentiation;</li><li>Reaching more and more fundamental level</li></ul>

	Human life
Life	Arises from coordinated interactions (physics-based, chemical, physico-chemical, biological) between moieties consisting of chemical elements across the periodic table. The physical, chemical and bio-chemical (macro, nano-, micro) processes in varying spatio-temporal/energy scales inside body (cells to organs) and outside (physical environment) over widely varying time scales (pico-,micro- milli, sec and minutes-to-hours)
Humans	[Body; Brain; Mind; Consciousness]

End-of-Life	[Physical, brain, cell]
Death	If an individual sustains Irreversible cessation of circulatory and respiratory functions
	or Irreversible cessation of all functions of the entire brain, including brain stem

Species (with life and without life Known to science on earth) under extraordinary conditions Establishing that they experience life is a grave challenge to the clinical arts. Think of an astronaut adrift in space, listening to mission control's attempts to contact him. His damaged radio does not relay his voice, and he appears lost to the world.

This is the forlorn situation of patients whose damaged brain will not let them communicate to the world—an extreme form of solitary confinement

Body-Brain-Mind-Consciousnes

	<ul> <li>It is like a (clean) slate or empty space (vessel) at birth (tabula rasa) i.e. in spatio-temporal domain</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Derives everything from outside sensations</li> </ul>
	> With learning, ideas are populated continuously by experience,
	reflection and association
	> Everyday objects viz. machines, implements, animals or people;
Mind	discipline dependent (mathematics, Chemistry), discipline independent
ivinita	(meta-logic), religious (ideas of God, spirit), government imposed
	(justice), science (self) are accumulated i.e. None of ideas are not innate.
	<b>?</b> How the mind carries out these tasks/transformations/consolidations had
	been a mystery [ even for Descartes, Hobbes et al. Locke postulated
	that God had superadded active forces to brain matter]
	<b>?</b> How mere brain matter could think, reason or speak was inexplicable
	even for combination of mechanics and chemistry of the day.

	(Human) Senses & sense organs	
Human senses	[Vision; Hearing; Smell; Taste; Touch]	
Human input (sense) organs	[Eyes; ears; Nose; Tongue; Skin]	
Human output (sense) organs	Speech organs, or articulators (mouth, tongue etc.)	
	Vision : [visible region (350-700nm of Electromagnetic spectrum]	
	Hearing (Audible : [ 20 Hz to 20 kHz (frequency cycles per second)	
Functional range	[0 to 80 dB (decibels); (loudness i.e. Resulting	
of sense organs change in air Pressure ]		
	Smell : [1 trillion scents]	
	Tastes : [sweet, sour, bitter, salty; umami or savory taste]	

# Universe: [Energy; $\rightarrow$ Matter; $\rightarrow$ Life $\leftarrow$ $\leftarrow$

Universe	[Visible; invisible] [origin; evolution [yester_ years, now, Future]]
Visible	[Energy; material [matter; antimatter]]
Matter	[atoms; molecules [ in Nature; man_made] ]
Molecules	[ Nature_made; synthetic_mimicking natural; exotic]
Materialistic	[Life; non-life;]

# Laws of spatio-temporal phenomena (in Universe) prosed (by Human experts)

Laws	Level
Physics	[Classical, Quantum , Nano]

Space-Time	Space (3D-), Time(1D-)
ST-matter (or phenomenon)	ST(4D-)-(molecule to macroscopic moiety)
Consciousness research support paradigms	[Quantum Physics, Mathematical Logic, Philosophy, Biology, Psychology] $\rightarrow$ known/unexplored/unknown arenas of consciousness $\rightarrow$ construction of reality
Chemical	[Nano-; microscopic; macroscopic] [gas, solvent, solid matrix] static/dynamic laws
Biological	Structure-function-stability of components as well as whole a single live-species
Future	New ones for unaccounted behavior after applying existing ones
New paradigm	Standard model comprising existing ones and additional ones

# (Human) brain & Anatomy

	Major parts of brains
	Outer surface of the brain
Celebrated cerebral cortex	It is a laminated sheet of intricately interconnected nervous tissue, The size and width is like a 14-inch pizza.
	Two of these sheets, highly folded, along with their hundreds of millions of wires— the white matter—are crammed into the skull
	<ul> <li>Crucial for intelligent behavior and cognitive control</li> </ul>
Frontal cortex	• Its involvement in consciousness remains a matter of debate (Koch et al., 2016)
Posterior	Hot zone resides
cortex	<ul> <li>Origin of almost all conscious experiences</li> <li>Perception Ex: images of Trump or Clinton</li> </ul>



#### Human brain







## Diseases, Surgerical intervention of brain &

## consequent malfunctions in memory, recognition, sensory output (un)conscious actions and consciouness

Brain	Surgery	Consequences
Frontal lobe	Loss of a portion to remove tumors or to ameliorate epileptic seizure	<ul> <li>Lack of inhibition of inappropriate emotions or actions, motor deficits, or</li> <li>Uncontrollable repetition of specific action or words</li> </ul>
Posterior cortex	Removal of even small regions	Loss of entire classes of conscious content: patients are unable to - Recognize faces - See motion, color or space - Perceive sights, sounds - Grasp other sensations

Organ	Consequences of impairment	Yet, not affecting
✓ spinal cord a foot-and-a-half-long flexible tube of nervous tissue inside the backbone with about a billion nerve cells.	<ul> <li>victims suffer</li> <li>with paralyzed legs, arms and torso</li> <li>from inability to control their bowel and bladder,</li> <li>due to loss of bodily sensations.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Continue to experience life in all its varieties</li> <li>They see, hear, smell, feel emotions</li> <li>Remember as much as before the incident that radically changed their life.</li> </ul>

	Cerebellum			
Location	"little brain" underneath the back of the brain			
# neurons	69 billion (most of which are the star-shaped cerebellar granule cells) four times more than in the rest of the brain combined			
Age of circuits in living species:	Most ancient brain circuits in evolutionary terms			
Type of neurons	Purkinje cells, which possess tendrils that spread like a sea fan coral and harbor complex electrical dynamics			
Type of neural circuits	Feed-forward circuit: one set of neurons feeds the next, which in turn influences a thirdset no complex feedback loops that reverberate with electrical activity passing back andforthEach one operates in parallel, with distinct, non-overlying inputs and output, controllingmovements of different motor or cognitive systems. They scarcely interact.functionally divided into hundreds or more independent computational modules			
	Function	Function		
	Internal External			
Function	It is involved in > Motor control > Posture > Gait > Fluid execution of complex sequences of motor movements A Playing the piant A Typing A Ice dancing A Climbing a rock all these activities involve the cerebellum.	wall—		
	→ Consequence → No contribution to consciousness			

Organ	Consequences of impairment	Yet, not affecting	
Cerebellum	<ul> <li>What happens to consciousness if parts of the cerebellum are lost to a stroke or to the surgeon's knife? Very little!</li> <li>✓ Cerebellar patients complain</li> <li>✓ Loss of fluidity of piano playing</li> <li>✓ Keyboard typing</li> <li>✓ Even being born without a cerebel conscious experience of the indivi</li> </ul>		

# Essential (Necessary) features of neural nets (charge circuitary) to be a significant contributory component to consciousness

- Seedback loops
- Complicated connectivity at different inputs/outputs/intermediate layers of modules
- **b** Dynamic connectivity and flow of information (data)
- Sufficient time for interaction, integration, retention (with due respects to plasticity/ stability dilemma)

Ex: consciousness emerges from thalamocortical system

- → Thalamocortical system interacts with itself just like functional cluster
- → Strong mutual interactions among a set of neuronal groups over a period of hundreds of milliseconds → (results in) → A functional cluster (Edelman & Tononi, 2000, p. 139)

Not sufficient conditions for emergence of consciousness Just uniform and parallel modules & connections (Ex: batteries may be connected in parallel, series)

ACS.org ; sciencedirect.com : Information Source

R. Sambasiva Rao, School of Chemistry Andhra University, Visakhapatnam rsr.chem@gmail.com